## Questions

Q1.

Answer the questions with a cross in the boxes you think are correct 区. If you change your mind about an answer, put a line through the box and then mark your new answer with a cross
A sundial in the United Kingdom shows $11: 15$ am on a day when the Equation of Time is -6 minutes.
The sundial's longitude is $3^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$.
These observations mean that:
(i) A clock at the sundial's location would show:

(ii) Greenwich Mean Time is:
$\square$ A 11:15
$\square$ B 11:21
$\square$ C 11:27
$\square$ D 11:33
(iii) The Local Mean Time at the sundial's location is:

(iv) The Apparent Solar Time at the sundial's location is:
$\square$ A 11:15
$\square$ B 11:21
$\square$ C 11:27
$\square$ D 11:33

## Q2.

Figure 7 shows a clock and a sundial on a church wall in the UK.


Figure 7
The clock is showing a time of 09:10 GMT while the shadow on the sundial indicates a time of 9 am .
(i) State the Apparent Solar Time when this photograph was taken.
(ii) If the Equation of Time on the day when this photograph was taken was -2 minutes, calculate the Mean Solar Time at this location.
Use the equation:
Equation of Time $=$ Apparent Solar Time - Mean Solar Time
(iii) Hence show that the longitude of the location where the photograph was taken is $2^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$.

